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The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In
The American Economic And Political Life
During Obama Presidency

This thesis submitted to the department of English in partial fulfilment of the requirements of the
master degree.

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Declaration

With all due respect and appreciation, we want to inform you that the work we are going to present in this thesis is our own, it has not been submitted before to any institution or university. all sources that we have used and quoted from have been indicated by means of complete references.

Messaoudi Amina

Layachi Hadjer



DEDICATION

First thanks to god who helped me

I am grateful to dedicate this work to the dearest people to my heart, to my parents: Said , saliha “ thank you for everything you have given me , Allah bless you “

A particular dedication to my dear sisters: Linda, wassila , Sabrina , Ismahane and brothers : Abed Arrazak , tarek .

To the soul of my brother and sister: Ibrahim , Nouara , God’s mercy be upon them ,
"you are the dearest persons to my heart “

To all my grateful and beloved friends, first of all : Samah. , and my partner Hadjer .

To my aunts and uncles with all their children and all my family

To my relatives and to all people who loved and helped me

For all their love, deep support and encouragement

.May Allah bless all of you and keep your healthy

AMINA

DEDICATION

Thanks to Allah who helped me to finish my dissertation..

I want to dedicate this work to the dearest people to my heart, the ones who gave birth, hope, strength,
and meaning to my life my parents, Allaoua and Malika

To my dear brothers: Fouad, Abd esslem, Abd elbasset, hicham and bilel.

And my lovely sisters who have been constant sources of encouragements Hanane and Nassima

To my dear partner Amina

.... to Mouhamed, Rynad, Anes, Wassim, Amir, Safoine, Raouane, Sara, and Islam

And to all my honourable family and intimate friends, I am

thankful for having you all in my life

...To all those who have encouraged and supported me

HADJER



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Abstract

This work outlines some of the most important information about Barack Obama, his biography and how the election was. Also, it clarifies the situations and crises after Obama's coming to office with focus on the reforms which Obama made on administration and the Achievements of Obama during his era. Furthermore, it defines the characteristics of the Blacks and how did they live? Did they suffer from racism? And the contribution of the Black minorities politically and economically, also, the major effects of their contribution on American society. The aim of this study is to show and describe the life of the Blacks during Obama's presidency because he was the first African-American president in America and to explain the nature of their contribution in both political and economic sides. Accordingly, a descriptive analytical approach is chosen to carry out this work as it helps in showing the Achievements and reforms of Obama also the contribution in politics and economics that were made by the Black minorities and its effects on the American society.

List of Figures:

Figure 01: The Results Of The American Presidential Elections 2008	12
Figure 02: unemployment under Obama and Trump	19
Figure 03: Unemployment Rates By Race	19
Figure 04: Nonfarm Employment From December 2008 to March 2017	35

List of tables:

Table 01: Population Growth Black Immigrant Population 2010-2018.....	34
Table 02: Number of US Representative who were Black	43
Table 03: Cabinet members who are Black.....	44

List of Abbreviations

U. S: United States

:%percentage

\$: American Dollar

TARP: Troubled Asset Relief Program

NATO: North Atlantic Treaty Organization

GDP: Gross Domestic Product

CWG: Committee on Women and Girls

ACA: Affordable Care Act

SBA: Small Business Administration

ACA : Affordable care act.

MACRA : The Medicare Access and Chip Reauthorization of 2015 .

PPACA : The Patient Protection and Affordable care act .

CPA : Certified Public Accountant.

FAO : The Food and Agriculture Organisation.

NIH : The National Institutes of Health .

WHO : The World Health Organization.

GTID :The Global Transaction Identifier .

DOD : The United States Department Of Defence.

IAVA : Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans Of America.

VA : The Department Of Veterans Affairs (Americans) .

NERL : The National Equal Rights League.

CIRCLE : The Centre for Information and research on Civic Participation and Learning.

ARRA : The African Recovery and Reinvestment Act .

UN : The United Nations.

SEAL : Sea , Air and Land .(American's Naval Special Warfare Development Group) .

ANSF : The Afghan National Security Forces.

CCES :Construction and Civil Engineering Services (UK).

FED : The Federal Reserve .

CNBC : The Consumer News And Business Channel.

H1N1:Influenza A Virus.

CDC: The Centre For Disease Control And Protection.

Table of contents:

Declaration I
DEDICATIONII
DEDICATION III
Acknowledgement IV
Abstract V
List of Figures..... VI
List of tables VII
List of Abbreviations VIII
Table of contents:X
Key TermsXII
General Introduction..... - 2 -

Chapter one: the elections of Obama as a president

Introduction - 7 -
Part one : The elections of Obama..... - 8 -
 1.1 Barack Obama’s biography - 8 -
 1.2 The pre Obama’s election - 9 -
 1.3 The preparation for the elections - 10 -
 1.4 post-election era..... - 12 -
2. Part two : Obama after coming to office. - 14 -
 2.1 Crises During Obama’s presidency - 14 -
 2.1.1 The financial crisis..... - 14 -
 2.1.2 the Healthcare crisis..... - 16 -
 2.1.3 Management crises - 17 -
 2.1.4 Unemployment crises - 18 -
 2.2 Obama’s reforms on administration - 20 -
 2.2.2 Health reform..... - 20 -
 2.2.3 The Land Reform..... - 22 -
 2.2.4 American recovery and reinvestment reform - 24 -
 2.2.5 Wall Street Reform: - 27 -
Conclusion..... - 28 -

Chapter two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During

Introduction - 30 -
A) African Americans History: - 30 -
B) The Characteristics of Minorities during Obama’s presidency: - 31 -
C) Black achievements before the coming of Obama as a president..... - 33 -
D) Black's Economic contribution..... - 34 -

E) The Effects of black economic contributions	- 37 -
F) The contribution of the Black minorities in the political life during Obama presidency.....	- 39 -
G) Effects of Black’s political contribution	- 46 -
H) The Achievements of Obama on American society	- 49 -
I) the Bad Obama's contribution on African Americans Create a racial tension between blacks and whites	- 52 -
J) Critics on Obama’s administration	- 55 -
Conclusion.....	- 56 -
General conclusion	- 57 -
Works cited.....	- 58 -
الملخص	- 64 -

Key Terms

Election: is the formal process of electing a person to hold public office or accepting or rejecting political proposition by voting.

Campaigns: are the means by which candidates and political parties prepare and show voters their thoughts on the issues of politics, in a period of time before the election.

Crisis: is a period of time or event that leads to a dangerous and difficult situation that affects individuals, groups and even the entire society.

Reform: is a process of making changes to eliminate any defects or to make improvements in many fields.

Blacks: are a racial group characterized by Brown to Black skin color, This name is given to Blacks, especially those of African descent.

Minorities: are groups of people of the same race, culture or religion living in a place where most of the people around them belong to different races.

Contribution: is the act of helping to do something successful or to help to produce or realize something with other people.

Politics: are the activities or actions related to the realization, use of power and governance in a society or a country.

Economics: is a social science that studies the production, consumption and distribution of goods and services.

General Introduction

Introduction:

Everyone knows that American society was, and still, known by the separation between the races. From the very beginnings of reconstructing the American continent, because people in America did not share the same skin color, those who are white gave themselves the opportunity to control the society since they are in the upper class, however, the poor black people were oppressed politically, socially, and economically, by the whites because they are from the upper class

African Americans were the main groups that suffered a lot from the unfair rulers, and, for so long they did not practice any of their natural rights, the worst of all they were not even considered as human beings.

The Literary Review:

Racial discrimination has existed since ancient times. And it still exists to some extent to this day. Especially in America because it witnessed important historical stages and since that time the society has divided into supporters and opponents.

Ethnic conflict has been known since long time ago especially in the 19th to 20th centuries.. and the Obama's assumption of the presidency is a key transitional movement, especially for black minorities, because he is the first African American president for US who shares the same skin color and race.

The oppressed or ignored group is called minorities.. and since there are opponents to them, there are also supporters such as politicians, lawyers, African Americans and even writers and novelists .

There are several writers , novelists and researchers who studied the issues of minorities and contributed to conveying their suffering, their ways of life, their living conditions and their aspirations.

Florian Bieber Who is a visiting professor at the nationalism studies program at central European university at the Regional Masters program for Democracy and human rights has a research interests include institutional design in multi-ethnic states , nationalism and ethnic conflict as well as the political systems of south -eastern Europe And through his research he included several reasons for these ethnic tendencies, which had a major role in the minority's loss of most rights, including even a sense of security.

Introduction

Karen Bird is associated professor of political science at university in Hamilton, she is currently working on a research that examines ethnic minority representation in comparative perspective , Focusing on differences in the political opportunity structures for minority candidates and representatives in different countries , her famous book with Thomas saalfeld and Andrea's M wüst , is entitled the political representation of Immigration and minorities: voters , parties and parliaments in liberal Democracies (2010) .

The book describes in great detail the conditions of minorities, their displacement and the violence they suffered from .

There is also the research of Bill Bowling Which interests include human rights and minority rights , his book entitled the degradation of the international legal order (2008), He regularly acts as an unions on human and minority rights issues .

The most important conclusion which Bill Bowling has reached there is a lack of the most basic known rights for the minorities.

As seen above , the literary review dealt with much with the Conditions of Blacks , their suffering and the conflict which they were focused with mentioning the major of their stolen rights even the right of keeping security ...

the common issue that was relevant to these researches and studies was the Blacks or the Minorities contribution on the political and economic life, especially in Obama presidency .

Statement of the problem:

American society is known by its mixture of races and colors. The African Americans were from the first groups who travelled toward the new world, but unfortunately, they did not live as normal citizens and they lost all their rights just because of their black colors, so they decided to change the rules by themselves by contributing and making some changes in the political and economic side during the Obama era.

Research Questions:

This dissertation seeks to answer on the following questions:

- What are the main stages of the election and the main reforms that Obama made on American society?
- Who are the minorities and what are their most important characteristics ?
- Before they contributed politically and economically during the Obama's era, what were the most important achievements for which they are famous in American society ?
- what is the nature of their contribution in both sides, political and economic ?
- How did this contribution affect on the society?
- What are main Obama's main achievements in American society?

Aims of the study:

The main Objectives of this study are:

- To show the life of the American Minorities during Obama's presidency and their contribution in American politics and economics.
- To clarify the nature of this contribution and the different effects and results of it. Also, it is so important for those who want to discover American society to know about the life of the Blacks or American minorities.

Methodology:

In discussing this topic, we used an Analytical and descriptive route to achieve the aim of the work, this dissertation analyses the Obama's presidency and how he took office (his elections and election campaigns), also it analyses and describes the Black minorities in the American society, their characteristics, their achievements before the coming of Obama, also their contribution politically and economically during Obama's presidency and how did this contribution effects on the American society.

Moreover, the used approach in this dissertation is the quantitative one, because it focuses on quantifying, applying statistics, and this what is applied to this research which shows the percentage of the Black's contribution to American society.

Structure of the dissertation:

The dissertation is divided into two chapters, the first chapter consists of two parts, it starts with a biography of Barack Obama and his elections With its pre and post stages presenting how the preparation of Obama's election was.

The second part is concerned with the crises that president Obama found in American society, and the main reforms that he made during his presidency.

The second chapter talks about the characteristics of the Black minorities and their achievements before the coming of Obama as a president, also it focuses on the contribution of the Black minorities in the American economic and political life during the Obama presidency with focus on the effects of each side and how it reflects on the American society, and at the end the chapter contains the achievements of the president Obama to the Black minorities.

Chapter one

*the elections of Obama as a
president*

Introduction

This chapter defines the president Barack Obama and how he became a president, through showing the period before his elections, and the preparation for the election, through making campaigns and political speeches. Also it shows the post election era, which means what did Obama find in American society when he became a president and the situation of America.

The second part shows how the president Obama dealt with the crises that he found when he was president, he made some reforms to reform American society.

Part one : The elections of Obama

1.1 Barack Obama's biography:

To know more and more information about Obama, it is necessary to spot light on his life and his biography.

Barack Hussein Obama was born on August 4, 1961 in Hawaii, his origins are mixed between a Kenyan father and white mother, his father called Barack Obama and his mother was called Ann Dunham, they were students at the same university they get married and they had a son later, after that they get divorced in 1964. His mother got married with an Indonesian man called Lolo Soetoro, she had another girl with her Indonesian husband who was called Maya Soetoro.

Obama's family moved to Indonesia, He lived there for three years, later he moved back to America to go to school and he lived with his grandparents and attended Punahou Academy when he was ten. Then he attended Occidental College in Los Angeles, then he transferred to Columbia university in New York. ("President Barack Obama - EnchantedLearning.Com").

Therefore, he became a community organizer in Chicago in 1983. In 1987 he went to his father's home city Kenya. In 1988, he attended Harvard Law School in Cambridge, Massachusetts. He was elected the first African-American president of the Harvard Law Review (a highly regarded law journal, edited by Harvard law students) in 1990 and graduated in 1991. After graduating, he returned to Chicago and married with Michelle Robinson in 1992, they have two daughters Malian and Sasha, he was a professor of law in Chicago from 1992 to 2004. Obama became politically active, he won a seat in the Illinois legislature in 1996 which opened him the gates to American politics, The early stages of Obama's political career can be traced back to his role in Chicago, Chicago was Obama's first political inspiration, where his skills and capacities in politics can be determined, his speeches were effective and gave him credibility to run to the house of representatives as Illinois senator. Obama was elected to the Illinois state senate three times, in 1996, 1998 and 2002. ("President Barack Obama - EnchantedLearning.Com").

In 2008, he announced his candidacy for presidency he was a candidate from the Democrats, on November 4, 2008. he won the election and be the first African American president and the 44th president of the U. S, on January, 2009 Obama was inaugurated as the 44 th president of the U. S, When Obama took office, he inherited a major economic recession, as he worked to promote America's economic growth through several measures such as reducing taxes on working families, providing health care, and reforming American foreign policy with countries around the world. He was re-elected to a second term on November 6, 2012 . (“President Barack Obama - EnchantedLearning.Com”).

Due to his success of the first term, the Americans voted on him to be re-elected as president for another term, his second term was marked by important events at the political and international levels, because he had interventions and political relations at the global level, such as with Pakistan, Syria, Russia and Iran. His second term also witnessed the restoration of diplomatic relations with Cuba and the establishment of a nuclear agreement with India in 2015.

Obama's presidential career was full of achievements at the political, military, economic and even social levels. He had an important role in developing American society, until his term ended in January, 2017. (“President Barack Obama - EnchantedLearning.Com”).

1.2 The pre Obama’s election :

Obama was a law professor He had experience in laws in the United States of America and, being a senator, he was very active in politics. Because of his activities, he showed that although he is black, he can become president, Initially, Obama focused on consolidating his base in Illinois during his first year in office and traveling abroad to strengthen his foreign policy qualifications as a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Obama made speeches across the country for most of 2006. He gave a speech and considered whether he will become president of the United States, but the Senate election immediately made him the highest African-American job in the country, and the excitement of his conference speech and book came from my father and, bold hopes made him head the list of Democratic presidential candidates in 2008. (Nelson).

On February 10, 2007, at a rally in front of the Old State Capitol in Springfield , Illinois, Obama announced his candidacy for Presidency, where Abraham Lincoln published his famous speech "The House of Representatives is Divided. "in 1858. The Obama campaign relied heavily on the Internet to mobilize Obama for the U.S (Organization of Action), a large grassroots organization made up of volunteers and donors. (After the election, the action organization was redesigned as a US organization to support the Ghanaian public in Obama's legislative initiatives.) With Axelrod back in command, the campaign was formulated to win a strategic alliance of liberal black and white parties that depended on the same democratic nomination Able to succeed in Illinois and pay special attention to young voters, However, Senator Hillary Rodham Clinton topped the polls, Among African American voters and leaders, they look up to her and her husband, former President Bill Clinton, and believe Obama's chances of winning are little. Former Senator John Edwards was the candidate for vice president of the Democratic Party in 2004. At the beginning of the campaign, he was considered a stronger candidate than the less experienced candidate Obama. With his online fan base, Obama equalled Clinton in the 2007 campaign fundraiser and defeated Edwards, who initially shocked political experts. (Nelson).

On the issue of the campaign, Obama vowed to let the United States withdraw from the Iraq war and expand healthcare. The national financial crisis that broke out a few months before the election changed the country's focus on the economy. Obama tried to prove that he had the best economic improvement plan and promised to become the president of the US economy.(History. com Editors).

1.3 The preparation for the elections:

In a research from Nelson, He showed that in the United States of America, primary elections were held prior to the general elections, the election of the president. Using Obama's online fan base, he matched Hillary Rodham Clinton and defeated Senator John Edwards in the campaign fundraiser during 2007, and he initially shocked political experts. On January 3, 2008, he won a key qualifier in the state of Iowa, beating Edwards and Clinton by 8 percentage points, becoming the joint leader of the game. Five days later, Clinton won the New Hampshire primary, defeating Obama by 3 points and Edwards by 22 points. In the next major test, Obama easily defeated Clinton by 55% to 27% in the South Carolina primary on January

26, leading the nomination competition by a narrow margin. Black voters believe in the results of the Iowa elections that Whites will vote for the African-American presidential candidate and give him overwhelming support in South Carolina and subsequent primaries. Edwards finished third in the state where he was born. Other nominated contenders, including Connecticut Senator Christopher Dodd, Delaware Senator Joseph Biden and New Mexico Governor Bill Richardson, withdrew due to poor performance in the first round of primaries and pre-selection meetings.

From February to early June, Obama and Clinton Primary elections and pre-selection meetings. Overall, Clinton won 20 of Obama's 19 Primary elections, including victories in most major states, especially California, Texas, and New South Wales. York, New Jersey, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Both candidates strive to become the historic "first": the first African-American president(Obama) or the first female president(Clinton).However, Obama has three key advantages that allowed him to narrowly win the Democratic nomination. First, he was able to combine his constant opposition to the Iraq war with Clinton's vote to authorize the war in 2002, and then he turned against it. Second, although Clinton and Obama have minor differences on this issue, The theme of the Obama campaign is to change and the theme of the Clinton campaign is experience, In a year of constant economic decline, change is a more attractive topic, especially Democratic voters. Third, when Obama faced Clinton in all 39 primaries he did not ignore the 17 states and territories, which have elected representatives to the National Assembly through pre-election meetings such as Iowa. He strongly outperformed Clinton in these contests winning 14 of 17 categories in these competitions. Obama's representative votes in the playoffs put him in a leadership position and Clinton withdrew from the nomination contest on June 7, 2008. Obama cleverly extended his appeal to the white working class, and to some extent It counters his own humble qualifications on foreign policy. (Nelson).

On August 22, two days before the opening of the Democratic National Convention, Obama appointed Delaware as a member of Congress. Representative Joe Biden is the vice president partner in Denver, Colorado. Biden grew up in Scranton, Pennsylvania, and during his 36 years as a senator, In Delaware, his qualifications have risen to become chairman of the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee. In the acceptance speech on the last night of the conference, Obama described his campaign issues. Among

other things, Obama promised Tax cuts for 95% of working families, End dependence on Middle East oil, invest US \$ 150 billion over the next ten years to buy affordable renewable energy and provide medical care to all Americans, end the Iraq war responsibly, and end the fighting. Fight al-Qaeda and the Taliban in Afghanistan. All of these factors and your commitment have helped convince Americans that you should be a suitable candidate for the presidency, helping you succeed in the presidency choice. (Nelson).

1.4 post-election era:

Obama was elected on November 4, 2008. He defeated John McCain by 53 percent to 46 percent in the national popular vote. Export surveys show that Two candidates maintain a balance among the voters who participated in the 2004 elections. But Obama established a majority among the voters who voted for For the first time in 2008, many of them were young or African American.(Nelson).

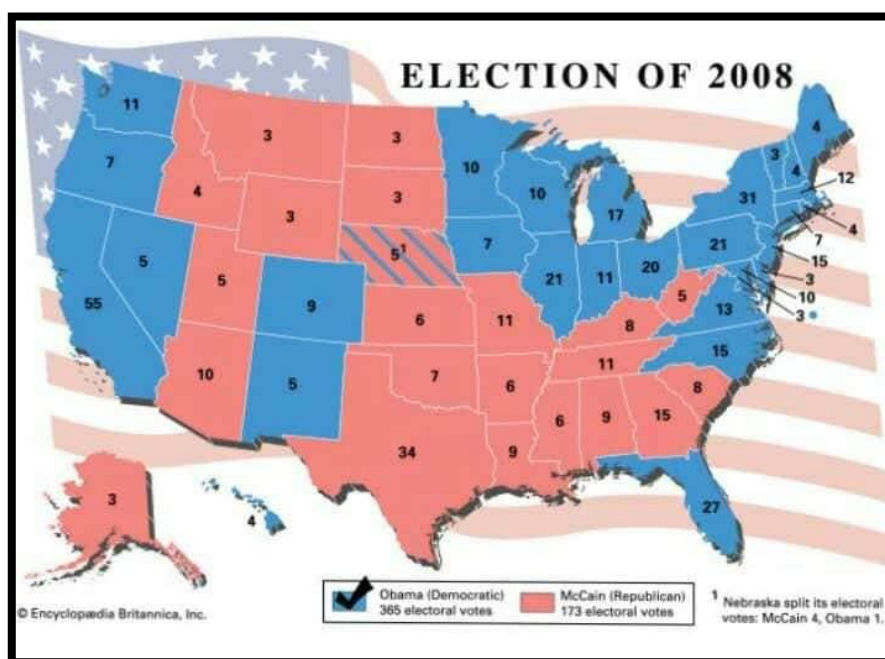


Figure 01: The Results Of The American Presidential Elections 2008.

During the elections and Obama's inauguration When he took office on January 20, 2009, the Bush administration Receipt of TARP fund allocations in the first half of the year criticize. Some people accuse him of injecting too much capital into big companies The bank did not give them sufficient conditions instead of buying the assets as promised. On the evening of the inauguration, Obama And his transition team worked with Bush to persuade the Senate to release In the second half of the TARP funds, it is

promised that these funds will be used to Reduce the burden on homeowners and stimulate the credit market. By authorization Blocking the release of funds requires the consent of both houses of Congress, which It is not necessary to vote in the House of Representatives. In addition, there is a negotiated health reform. Republicans proposed The united front opposes the Democratic Party's medical reform plan, Call it the government takeover of healthcare and protest its price It will be astonishingly high. Some Republicans also falsely claimed The Democratic Party intends to set up a "death group" to refuse to provide insurance For the elderly. .("United States - The Barack Obama Administration")

Although the Democratic Party strongly opposes everyone In all aspects of the plan, the House of Representatives passed a comprehensive The reform bill of November 2009. The Senate is more cautious. Obama seems to have give the initiative to the so-called group of six, the group of three Republicans and three Democratic senators led by conservative Democrats Senator Max Baucus. The final bill passed by the Senate needs a lot Smaller changes than the House bill (most notably the cancellation of the Public option, allowing the program to run Provide private insurance companies with lower competitive costs). He is almost not immune to the attempts of the Republicans, the 58 Democrats and two senators Independents, Bernie Sanders from Vermont and Joe Lieberman from Connecticut. Before the two houses tried to save their bills, the Democrats lost their Because Republican Scott Brown had a majority on the Senate obstruction bill He won a special election to replace Acting Senator Paul in Massachusetts. In January 2010, Paul Grattan Kirk (Democratic Party) was appointed to this position after his death. Senator Ted Kennedy. Ironically, he invested a lot of energy in his government. The cause is moving toward medical reform. Although the prospects for approval are bleak, President and Democratic leaders, especially the Speaker of the House of Representatives On behalf of Nancy Pelosi to move forward, Obama calls a special summit The advantages of these bills are discussed between Democrats and Republicans. .("United States - The Barack Obama Administration")

On the other hand, the Iraqi army eased the escalation of the situation in Afghanistan. The signal from the Obama campaign was that he believed that the Bush administration's attention to Iraq had damaged the situation in Afghanistan; Obama believed that Afghanistan should become the focus of US military

efforts. As the security situation in Iraq continues to improve, the new government has begun to slowly withdraw US military personnel. The declared goal is to end US military operations in mid-2010 and completely withdraw from Iraq by the end of 2011. The Taliban in Afghanistan have revived. In February 2009, Obama pledged to increase the total strength of Afghanistan to 68,000, and began a three-month review of the military's request for an additional 40,000 troops. In the end, despite the opposition of many Democrats, he decided An additional 30,000 people will be dispatched. National security issues became the focus of Christmas 2009, when a plane bound for Detroit was bombed. The author is a young Nigerian who has been trained by extremists in Yemen to fulfil his mission. In June 2010, Obama faced other types of criticism while serving as NATO commander. In the Afghan army, General Stanley Crystal and his staff challenged senior officials of the Obama administration in an interview with a Rolling Stone reporter. Obama lifted Krystal's command and replaced him with General David Petraeus, the designer of Iraq's enhanced strategy. Later, as the combat mission in Iraq officially ended, most of the US troops withdrew from Iraq in August. ("United States - The Barack Obama Administration")

2. Part two : Obama after coming to office.

2.1 Crises During Obama's presidency :

Almost every US president has faced a crisis during his tenure, whether it is a political scandal, natural disaster, economic disaster or terrorism. But not everyone has the misfortune of having to deal with the same solution...

2.1.1 The financial crisis

The financial crisis has taken a terrible toll on the country and on kingdom and nearby governments. For example, unemployment crises which passed 10% on various occasions, stood at about 9.6% near the cease of 2010 and had been, at that time, above 9% for 18 consecutive months. The actual unemployment rate, however, is about 18%. Among 18-24 yrs. old, unemployment was about 19.1% in late 2010. When Congress enacted President Obama's stimulus software in February 2009, the White House envisioned that

the stimulus would stop unemployment from exceeding 8 per cent. High unemployment is a key cause why Obama's recognition declined at some stage in 2010.

When Obama took office in 2009, the economy was experiencing its worst recession since the Great Depression. Due to the general failure of the financial system and the collapse of housing prices, the United States is facing a large-scale crisis. The economy is shrinking and layoffs are rampant. Banks and other financial intermediaries facing bankruptcy are backed by a massive injection of liquidity from the Federal Reserve (Fed). Main Street is bailing out Wall Street, which annoys the public who have lost confidence in the government. Although bankers have received a lot of help, in the face of unemployment and the collapse of housing prices, the public has received very little help. Many homeowners' mortgages are upside down, and their mortgages are more than the value of their homes.

In 2007, banks began to panic when they realized they had to absorb losses and stopped lending to each other. They don't want other banks to give them their worthless mortgage loans as collateral, so they increase the cost of interbank lending, called Libor. The Federal Reserve began to inject liquidity into the banking system through regular auction services, but this was not enough. ("2008 Financial Crisis Causes, Costs, and Could It Happen Again?").

The timeline of the 2008 financial crisis began in March 2008, when investors sold their shares in the investment bank Bear Stearns because it had too many toxic assets. Bell approached JPMorgan Chase to rescue him, but the Fed had to use a \$30 billion guarantee as the icing on the cake. The situation on Wall Street deteriorated in the summer of 2008.¹³ Congress authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to take over the mortgage companies Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, at a cost of \$187 billion. On September 16, 2008, the Federal Reserve loaned \$85 billion to AIG as a ransom. In October and November, the Federal Reserve and the Treasury Department reorganized the rescue plan, bringing the total rescue to US\$182 billion. In 2012, when the Ministry of Finance sold the last batch of AIG shares, the government made a profit of US\$22.7 billion. ¹⁴ ¹⁵ On September 17, 2008, the crisis triggered a run on money market funds. The company deposited excess cash to earn interest overnight, and then banks used the funds to issue short-

term loans. During the campaign, the company transferred a record \$172 billion from its money market accounts to safer Treasuries. (“2008 Financial Crisis Causes, Costs, and Could It Happen Again?”).

2.1.2 the Healthcare crisis:

“ The clinical care device in the United States is in crisis. Health crises “:

A few months after President Barack Obama took office in 2009, reports of H1N1 (Influenza A Virus) swine flu began to appear, the virus was first discovered in the United States and quickly spread around the world. According to the CDC(The Centre For Disease Control And Prevention) , the first case was reported on April 15, 2009. The Obama administration formed a team and declared H1N1 a public health emergency on April 26, six weeks before a pandemic was declared and before it was recorded deaths in the United States. Barry said the Obama administration was "prepared as soon as the virus emerged." "Whether it's scientific research, vaccine production, or public health measures, they are doing everything they can." Six months after the initial announcement, Obama declared swine flu a national emergency and killed more than 1,000 Americans. The CDC estimates that from April 2009 through April 2010, there were 60.8 million swine flu cases and 12,469 deaths in the United States. The World Health Organization announced the end of the pandemic on August 10, 2010.(“How US Presidents Have Handled Public Health Crises”).

Four years later, Obama faced another crisis: the 2014 Ebola epidemic 16 caused more than 11,000 deaths in West Africa. Obama launched the CDC's Emergency Operations Centre in July 2014 to help coordinate technical assistance, including deploying personnel to West Africa to assist in the response. CDC has trained nearly 25,000 health care workers in West Africa for infection prevention and control practices. In the United States, only 11 people have received treatment for the virus. However, some Republicans criticized Obama for failing to impose a travel ban on countries with widespread Ebola outbreaks. Obama is fighting another virus at home: Zika virus, a virus spread by mosquitoes. The Zika virus outbreak first appeared in Brazil in 2015, and by 2016, the United States had reported approximately 40,000 cases. The Obama administration applied for US\$1.9 billion in federal emergency funds to fight the virus in February 2016, of which US\$1.1 billion was approved by Congress in 2016. September. In 2015, Obama's national security adviser Susan Rice created the Global Health Security and Biodefense Department. This is a team

is responsible for pandemic preparedness under the National Security Council. This is a forum for White House staff to discuss national security and diplomacy. Affairs advises the president policy. ("How US Presidents Have Handled Public Health Crises").

2.1.3 Management crises :

Crisis administration has two dimensions. The technical dimension pertains to the coping ability of governmental establishments and public policies in the face of rising threats. But there is additionally a political dimension: crisis administration is a deeply controversial and intensely political activity. A mixture of these dimensions translates into 5 critical challenges of disaster management: experience making, decision making, meaning making, terminating, and learning.

Crisis managers regularly have a challenging time meeting this challenge. The bewildering pace, ambiguity, and complexity of a disaster can without problems weigh down everyday modes of situation assessment. Stress and organizational problems may additionally similarly impair the capability to recognize and make experience of a crisis.

The President of the United Barack Obama States is the most famous crisis manager in the world. All of his work revolves around crisis management, reputation management, and communication on a scale that few people really understand. The recent history of CNBC (The Consumer News And Business Channel)gave the new president a high evaluation. "I think he understands communication better than any president I've ever met," added Howard Rubinstein, the legendary head of public relations. "He understands the media and you can tell your story through the media. In addition, Obama is happy to talk to the public. Observers and analysts said that Obama has been in a virtual campaign mode since the short holiday after the election, and he will make public appearances and speeches every day in and outside Washington. The president also continued to use the extensive online community he established during the campaign to support this man and his mission. ("Obama: Crisis Manager").

2.1.4 Unemployment crisis:

When Obama took office in 2009, the economy was experiencing its worst recession since the Great Depression. Due to the general failure of the financial system and the collapse of housing prices, the United States is facing a large-scale crisis. The economy is shrinking and layoffs are rampant. Banks and other financial intermediaries facing bankruptcy have been supported by a massive injection of liquidity from the Federal Reserve (Fed). Main Street is bailing out Wall Street, which annoys the public who have lost confidence in the government. Although bankers have received a lot of help, the public has received very little help in the face of unemployment and falling house prices. Many homeowners' mortgages are upside down because they owe more mortgages than the home is worth. (Antia)

At the beginning of 2009, the unemployment rate was 8% and, at the end of 2009, it rose to 10%. Obama has been criticized for not turning the economy around right away, which is nearly impossible given the lack of confidence in the economy. Recently, economist Paul Krugman believes that in the distant past, the Federal Reserve triggered most recessions to prevent the economy from overheating and reduce inflation. The Fed will raise interest rates through various mechanisms in its arsenal to slow economic growth and even plunge the economy into a recession. Once inflation is under control, the Fed will relax its wallet to stimulate the economy. Americans rarely lose confidence because the Fed is under control, the financial system is functioning, and few banks fail. Although housing prices have stagnated or even declined, they have not collapsed. So the change is very fast. This was not the case in 2009. The economy will take some time to stabilize, and consumers have regained confidence due to the economic collapse. At the beginning of 2010, employment growth resumed, and the unemployment rate showed a long-term downward trend. The unemployment rate has fallen steadily from 10% in 2010 to 4.7% when Obama left office in January 2017, although as shown in the figure, some minor problems have appeared in the process. (Antia)

This curve shows the unemployment rate from Obama's presidency to Trump... It is necessary to look at the percentages before and after Obama's era clearly and specifically, especially from 2008 to 2017 (in which is the year the term ends. And which presidency of Donald Trump began).

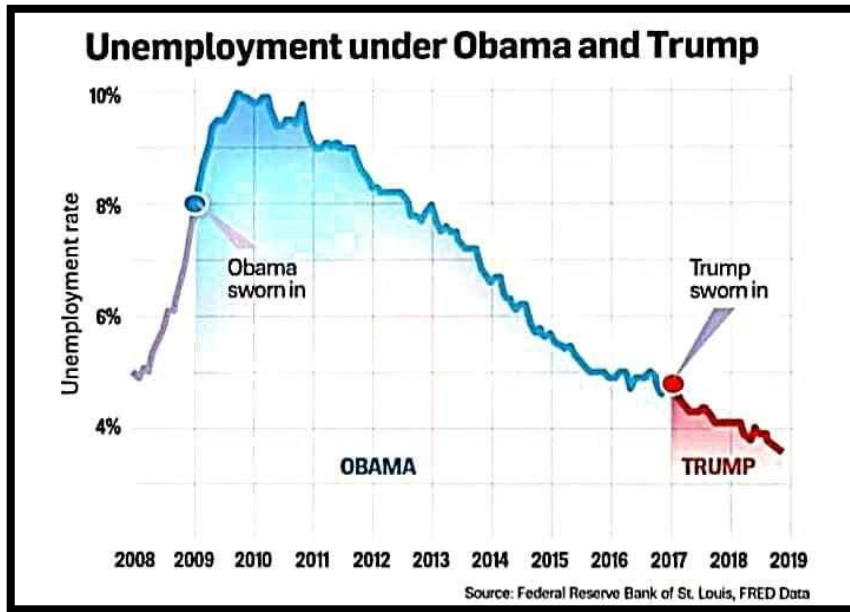


Figure 02: unemployment under Obama and Trump

(Riley , Emmitt Y .2014)

The unemployment rate has risen, especially for African Americans.. African Americans witnessed a high rate of unemployment from the first decades even during the Obama era.. As an example, we take a sample which shows the unemployment rate from 2008-2013.. The suffering of African Americans was clear and despite all the support from Obama’s side, it eliminated the deficit in securing job opportunities for all African Americans.

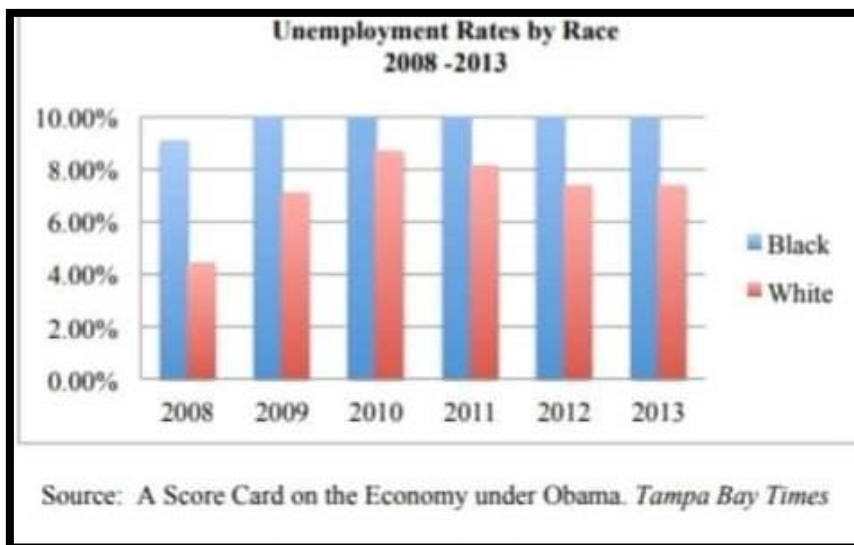


Figure 03: Unemployment Rates By Race

(Riley , Emmitt Y .2014)

2.2 Obama's reforms on administration:

Reforms are usually initiated by the government or introduced in response to internal and external pressures to resolve or prevent economic, social or political crises. Therefore, reform can also be seen as a mechanism for solving problems. However, the true interpretation of the reforms may also differ from what the reformers announced. If stated goals are imposed on reformers who do not help achieve them, the difference between actual goals and stated goals can be substantially substantial.

2.2.2 Health reform:

The PPACA (the Patient Protection And Affordable Care Act), also known as Obamacare promulgated by President Obama in the United States in March 2010 cover provisions that require most people to obtain health insurance or pay fines, which greatly reduces the difficulty and cost of obtaining insurance plans. Regarding the practice of abusing insurance and trying to control the rising health care costs. Due to the reality that the drug was approved, Obamacare or the "Affordable Care and Patient Protection Act" was once regarded as the most far-reaching health care reform bill. On November 7, 2010, the House of Representatives passed its version of the Health Care Act. The American Affordable Care Act passed 220-215 thirty nine margarine, and 39 Democrats voted against the legislation. ("Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act | Definition & Facts").

Obamacare or patient protection and Affordable care act was once as soon as significantly seen the most far -reaching health care reform act due to the reality that the passage of medicine. On November 7,2010 , the house of representatives exceeded its version of the fitness care bill .the Affordable health care for American Act , by way of slim margarine of 220-215 thirty nine Democrats voted in opposition to the legislation . ("Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act | Definition & Facts").

President Obama asked all members of his Cabinet to write an exit memorandum on the progress we have made, his vision for the future of the country, and the work that remains to be done to achieve this vision. These are the key points of his future work to improve the health of all Americans. ("Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act | Definition & Facts").

A. Building on the progress of ACA:

"As some people have suggested, abolishing the ACA (Affordable Care Act) may make it possible for Americans who get health insurance through the Marketplace, Medicare, Medicaid, or at work to remove consumer protection - for example, it will discriminate against people with natural conditions. and benefit enhancement becomes illegal. A recent study showed that nearly 30 million Americans will also lose their insurance if one version is removed. We can work together to improve the system, but we must make persistent efforts on the basis of progress. Don't do the opposite.

Reforming the health care Delivery system:

During the current administration, it is based on a successful model while seeking opportunities to extend value-based payments to a wider range of healthcare providers and services, including high-cost drugs, which will not only benefit patients, but also enable doctors to be flexible Practicing medicine is the best way to meet the needs of patients. The adoption of MACRA (The Medicare Access and Chip Reauthorization Act of 2015)is an important step in the effort to reward the quality and value of doctors' payments; however, additional federal legislation should be considered to use payment incentives to promote the entire healthcare system Value-based healthcare services improve data interoperability and integrate care. ("Improving Health For All Americans")

B. Combating the Global Threat of Infectious Diseases:

The continued high-level leadership of the United States is critical to maintaining momentum and further institutionalizing what has been achieved, including by supporting WHO (World Health Organization)and partners in external evaluations and national planning. US leadership should include working with partners to fulfil commitments, emphasizing the importance of national preparedness as a national priority, and emphasizing the need for sectors other than health, including animal health, development sectors, safety, technology, and foreign affairs. To support this work. Strengthening a multispectral approach will benefit the long-term health system and the ability to effectively respond to outbreaks. "("Improving Health For All Americans").

c. Continuing the Fight against Opioids:

At the end of 2015, President Obama was appointed his members to lead federal interagency work, focusing on the heroin and prescription opioid crisis in rural areas. In 2014 alone, we lost 28,648 lives prematurely. According to the NIH (National Institutes of Health), the pandemic caused \$72 billion in damage to health. The opioid crisis has a disproportionate impact on rural communities, partly because of the lack of available outreach and treatment resources in remote areas. Lost the parents of their children due to opioid abuse. Listening to the mayor and medical staff's call for increased treatment resources, it is clear that rural communities need our help. Secretary Vilsack .

D. Developing Precision Medicine :

The next great revolution in medicine will come from the ability to use the genome, lifestyle, behaviour, environment, imaging, and clinical data to understand health and disease, and use these insights to develop methods. personalized medical and prevention services ". ((“Improving Health for All Americans”).

2.2.3 The Land Reform:

Over time, the concept of land reform was categorized according to the extent of the functions that the land itself performs: as a problem of production, as a store of value and wealth, as a symbol of reputation, or as a supply of social and political influence The land fee reflects its relative scarcity. In a market economy system, it generally depends on the relationship between the location of the available land and the size of the population in the area. As the location of land declines and the relative price of land increases, land has increasingly become a source of strife between economic and social groups within the community. The pattern of distribution of wealth and profits and the pattern of social and political influence are determined in part by the legal norms that govern land use rights. These legal guidelines stipulate the appropriate types of property and the privileges and obligations associated with them. They define the ownership of the land and the degree to which the owner can freely dispose of the land and the income derived from its use. In this sense, the form of ownership determines the distribution of wealth and income,

mainly the function of land: if private possession is allowed, the differentiation of types is inevitable; on the contrary, public ownership eliminates this distinction. The forms of tenure vary from temporary and conditional tenure to property under a simple payment system, giving full rights to land management and disposal without obstacles.

Historically, land reform aimed to reform the land use right system or redistribute land property rights. In recent years, people's understanding of the strategic position of land and agriculture in development has broadened. Therefore, land reform has become synonymous with land reform or rapid land structure improvement, including land use systems, farming and land organization samples, farm development scale, lease terms, and land systems. The rural sector. Credit, marketing and education. It also involves the field of technology, or any combination of these factors, as demonstrated by the modern reform movement, regardless of the political or ideological orientation of the reformers. ("Land Reform | Agricultural Economics").

Land reform intends to change the ownership or ownership of agricultural land, the farming strategy used, or the relaxation of the relationship between agriculture and the economy. Such reforms can also be announced through the government, related groups or revolutions. Of course, land tenure reform can increase the scale of operations by expanding or reducing mining. The enlargement is applied when the reserved size is enlarged, either by including it or by merging its fragmented parts. Farm integration involves the redistribution of all farmland in the community through the use of land for trade, sale, or lease, so that everyone benefits by taking advantage of ever-increasing efficiency without loss. It is also possible to increase the scale of operations by pooling resources, such as agricultural cooperatives and collectives that provide services not available to small farms. . Land reforms have become synonymous, indicating that the application of reform has become more comprehensive, covering far more than land use rights or land distribution reforms.

Most reforms narrowed the gap between reform beneficiaries and other farmers through land redistribution and ownership control, but only comprehensive socialist reforms can narrow the gap between agriculture and other peasant economic sectors. For many reasons, the success of the land redistribution

plan has been limited. In addition to offering alternatives, they often hurt farms contributed by former owners. They stem the flow by allowing farmers to own shares in the land, if only in the structure. They often threaten large farms that operate efficiently and therefore have to compromise. They provided compensation for the expropriated land, and then hardly affected the distribution of wealth and income. They are conditional on farmers' participation in social and political enterprises and cooperative organizations, although farmers were not prepared for these activities. (“Land Reform | Agricultural Economics”).

Furthermore, land redistribution is often not reinforced by protective measures, which may be to prevent reoccupation and recurrence of crises. However, FAO (the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations) ,various global agencies and governments have gone to great lengths to devise a reasonable framework to solve agricultural and rural problems caused by faulty land structure.

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2.2.4 American recovery and reinvestment reform :

The US recovery and reinvestment In December 2007, the US economy officially went into recession, especially with the help of the housing market decline and the subprime personal loan crisis, and was exacerbated by the granting of Lehman Brothers, the global financial products company in September 2008. (The economic collapse accelerated during the 2008 US presidential election, and Obama's consistent response to the disaster was once seen as a factor in consolidating his victory in the November election.) In October 2007, the Dow Jones Industrial Average exceeded 14,000, but depreciated almost a year later. In

the middle. As the global financial market crashed and customer confidence fell, the company began laying off employees. (“American Recovery and Reinvestment Act | United States [2009]”).

At the end of 2008, the US financial system used to lose more than 600,000 jobs each month, and this style was maintained until the Obama presidency. The country's unemployment rate went from 5% at the beginning of the recession to 7.8% during Obama's inauguration in January 2009, but will reach a peak of 10.1% in October 2009.

During the recession, the U.S. economic system experienced two of the most frustrating quarters in more than 60 years: gross domestic product (GDP) fell by 6.3% at the end of 2008, and fell by 5% and 7% at the beginning of 2009. Obama's first major legislative effort was to develop cure software that stimulated the economy by creating or saving thousands of jobs and preventing economic recession. The Democrats won a majority in both houses of Congress and soon passed a measure that Obama should sign. The bill was submitted in the U.S. House of Representatives. (“American Recovery and Reinvestment Act | United States [2009]”).

Obama took office less than a week ago. On January 28, 2009, the House of Representatives passed his model bill. Yes; 11 Democrats voted for the plan. It was then submitted to the Senate, and the Senate approved a \$838 billion package on February 10th. Three Republicans worked with Senate Democrats to help the bill. After negotiations, Democratic congressional leaders advocated a slightly scaled-down model for the bill, which once provided \$ 787 billion in stimulus measures, the largest single currency recovery effort in state history. United. The compromise bill was approved by both houses of Congress (House of Representatives 246-183, Senate 60-38) on February 13 and was signed into law by President Obama on February 17. He began the important work of keeping the American dream alive in our time, "although he admitted that" the road to healing will not be easy. "The law is colloquially called" stimulus measures "and has been criticized by Republicans for being too expensive. and extremely expensive. It may not help revitalize the economy, and some liberals believe the commission should be higher. Republicans also argued that because Democrats have a majority in both houses, Democrats ignore proposals provided by the minority.

Barack Obama met with Senator Susan Collins in the Oval Office to discuss the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. In February 2009, Collins was one of three Republican senators who voted for the stimulus bill.³ US Recovery and Reinvestment Reform: US recovery and reinvestment In December 2007, the US economy officially went into recession, especially with the help of the housing market decline and the subprime personal loan crisis, and was exacerbated by the granting of Lehman Brothers, the global financial products company in September 2008.

The economic collapse accelerated during the 2008 US presidential election and Obama's consistent response to the disaster was once seen as a factor in consolidating his victory in the November election. In October 2007, the Dow Jones Industrial Average exceeded 14,000, but depreciated almost a year later. In the middle. As the global financial market crashed and customer confidence fell, the company began laying off employees. At the end of 2008, the US financial system used to lose more than 600,000 jobs each month, and this style was maintained until the Obama presidency. The country's unemployment rate went from 5% at the beginning of the recession to 7.8% during Obama's inauguration in January 2009, but will reach a peak of 10.1% in October 2009. During the recession, the U.S. economic system experienced two of the most frustrating quarters in more than 60 years: gross domestic product (GDP) fell by 6.3% at the end of 2008, and fell by 5% and 7% at the beginning of 2009. Obama's first major legislative effort was to develop cure software that stimulated the economy by creating or saving thousands of jobs and preventing economic recession. The Democrats won a majority in both houses of Congress and soon passed a measure that Obama should sign. The bill was submitted in the U.S. House of Representatives. Obama took office less than a week ago . On January 28, 2009, the House of Representatives passed his model bill. Yes; 11 Democrats voted for the plan. It was then submitted to the Senate, and the Senate ("American Recovery and Reinvestment Act | United States [2009]").

Economically, the stimulus plan aims to create new jobs and save existing ones, and to invest in currency fields that are conducive to long-term growth. The original \$787 billion package provided \$288 billion in tax relief (mainly for people, but also used to help businesses, etc.). The authorities promised "unprecedented" transparency in tracking the bill-related expenses and established themselves The website

of Recovery.gov despite the approval of the stimulus plan, the unemployment rate continues to climb to the highest level in 25 years, which makes critics of the law believe that the stimulus plan has failed. Opponents often cite "The impact of American recovery and reinvestment plans on work." The book was chosen by Obama's choice of Christina Roomer to chair the Council of Economic Advisers and Jared Burr, adviser to the vice president-elect. Published by Jared Bernstein in early January 2009. ("Progress of the African-American Community During Obama").

Joe Biden, announced that the stimulus plan will help keep the unemployment rate below 8%, despite the fact that as of February 2009, the unemployment rate has exceeded 8%. Nevertheless, the GDP event in the third quarter of 2009 did turn for the better, giving people hope that once the United States emerged from the recession, the unemployment rate would only begin to decline in 2010. Although Democrats and Republicans disagree with the outcome of the stimulus plan (some Republicans blame the stimulus plan for not creating jobs), the nonpartisan Congressional Budget Office estimates that 30 months after the stimulus plan, employment has risen by 1 million and 290 Wan due to the Act. However, because the unemployment rate ultimately remained stubbornly high, supporters and critics of the legislation have evidence that their arguments are that the plan is effective or ineffective. ("Progress of the African-American Community During the Obama").

2.2.5 Wall Street Reform:

In the fall of 2008, an economic crisis of scale and severity unknown for generations caused tens of millions of Americans to lose their jobs and caused the loss of trillions of dollars in wealth. Our broken foreign exchange regulatory system was once the main target of this crisis. It used to be fragmented, out of date, and allowed large parts of the monetary system to operate with little or no supervision. And it allows some irresponsible lenders to use hidden prices and satisfactory impressions to seek the benefit of consumers. To ensure that such crises do not happen again, President Obama signed the "Dodd Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act" and signed it into law. Dodd Frank is the greatest way to achieve Wall Street reform in history and will prevent excessive risk-taking that led to the financial crisis. In addition, the law provides common-sense protection for American families and trains new customer

observers to prevent lending institutions and payday lenders from exploiting consumers. These new rules will establish a safer and more stable economic system, laying a solid foundation for sustained financial growth and job creation. (“Dodd–Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act | United States [2010]”).

Conclusion:

This chapter has attempted to identify the ex-president of America Barack Obama, by showing his biography and explaining more about his elections. He was the first African-American president and he was unacceptable from some groups from white people, but because of his activities in politics and his speeches, he made a difference between him and the other candidates, which contributed to give him the opportunity to win the elections, and be the first African-American president.

During Obama’s presidency, there were many crises such as the economic, financial and land crises. These crises would disturb the situation in America. But despite these obstacles, Obama worked on finding solutions and Reforms that reduce or improve the situations.

Health care reform, unemployment Reform, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Reform, land Reform and the Wall Street Reform Are Among The Most important Reforms That Obama Made During his Era, Through Which He tried To Reform And Develop The conditions of American Society.

Chapter two

The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Introduction:

Black Americans have a long history with racism and miserable life's Conditions in their Society such as segregation, persecution and lack of Rights, Although they suffered ,They Wanted to improve and increase the Situation of American society. That is why They contributed in such domains like the political and economic side.

This Chapter shows a sample of their participation in which they contributed especially in the Obama era.

this chapter shows who are the African Americans and their most important characteristics with mentioning their most important achievements before the coming of Obama period, passing through their economic and political contribution and their most important effects of their contribution economically and politically on the American society, also it shows the several achievements of Obama which change the life style of American society during his presidency.

A) African Americans History:

African Americans have at more than a few times in United States history been referred to as African, colored, Negro, Afro-American, and black, as well as African American. Exactly what element of the African American population is of solely African ancestry is not known. Over the past 300 and greater years in the United States, widespread racial mixture has taken location between humans of African descent and those with different racial backgrounds, basically of white European or American Indian ancestry. Historically, the predominant mind-set toward racial group membership in the United States has been that humans having any black African ancestry are viewed to be African American(Drewry).

According to (Maloney). He showed that The nineteenth century was a time of radical transformation in the political and criminal fame of African Americans. Blacks had been freed from slavery and started to revel in increased rights as citizens. Despite these developments, many economic and demographic traits of African Americans at the end of the nineteenth century have been not that exclusive from what they had been in the mid-1800s. In 1900, according to the census The Blacks were lived on

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Southern US and they worked as a farmers, and their children did not attend schools like the white children. After that, the conditions of living of the African Americans changed, they became less concentrated in the south, they changed their jobs by time they did not limited only to agriculture, and their rates school attendance raised. These changes in the Black's life during the Twentieth century did not occur steadily, but it can divided to three distinct eras which are:

From 1900 to 1915: In this period the African Americans grew cotton and they worked on agriculture in the Southern U. S, they were oppressed because they worked on lower-paying companies.

From 1916 to 1964: In this period the African Americans did not live in the south like before, and they started to immigrate because the Northern employers faced a strong need for the workers, so this led the African Americans to immigrate to the North to work And the wages were better than in the south.

From 1965 to 1999: This period saw a change in civil rights of African Americans, anti-discrimination policies played a major role in reducing racism and oppression that African Americans were suffering from, and they became processing some of the civil rights as any citizen living in any society.

B) The Characteristics of Minorities during Obama's presidency:

Sociologist Louis Wirth described a minority group as "any group of people who, because of their physical or characteristics, are distinguished from others in the society in which they live because of their different and unequal treatment, and who are different from others in the society in which they live.

Therefore, consider them the object of collective discrimination. The term minority means discrimination, and in sociological usage the term subordinate group may be used interchangeably with the term minority group, while the term dominant group is often substituted. for the group that represents the rulers or the accessible majority. power and privilege in a given society. These definitions correlate with the notion that the dominant group is the group that holds the most power in a given society, while the subordinate groups are those that lack power in relation to the dominant group.

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Note that being a minority is not characteristic of a minority group; Sometimes larger groups can be considered minorities due to their lack of power. It is the lack of power that is the dominant feature of a minority or a group of subordinates. For example, consider the apartheid regime in South Africa, where the majority (the country's black residents) are exploited and oppressed by the white minority .

According to Charles Wadley and Marvin Harris , a minority group is distinguished by five characteristics:

- _unequal treatment and less power over their lives .
- _ distinctive features physical or cultural factors such as skin color or language .
- _group membership.
- _perceived dependence .
- _ high intra-group marriage rates. (“Introduction to Sociology 2e, Race and Ethnicity, Racial, Ethnic, and Minority Groups”).

The African Americans during the Obama presidency witnessed a points of Suffering from many sectors like unemployment, Health care , Education and Racial tension .African Americans face structural inequalities in get right of entry to to wealth, health care and encounters with the criminal justice system combined with whites, in accordance to the Center for American Progress, a modern assume tank. Obama-era policies have disproportionately affected this group.

After the Coming of Obama to the workplace , he determined many crises which the American society suffered from. that is why he took them into consideration in order to reform some components in America .Matt Dallek, political historian at George Washington University, advised USA TODAY that African Americans benefited from the monetary restoration of the 2010s as nicely as the Affordable Care Act of 2009.(“Fact Check: Unemployment Rate Fell for African Americans during Obama Administration”).

C) Black achievements before the coming of Obama as a president:

According to new research (“African American Workers Built America”). The Black workforce has always been the foundation of the United States' economic growth. The enslaved people established the country's initial infrastructure and produced lucrative products such as cotton and tobacco.

In a research from (Lockhart) he showed that Slavery, especially cotton slavery from the late 18th century to the beginning of the Civil War, is a thoroughly modern business, constantly changing to maximize profits. In order to grow cotton that can decorate the world and promote global industrialization, thousands of enslaved youths, children of stolen ancestors who were legally regarded as property, travelled hundreds of miles south to Maryland and Virginia, and were forced to accept them again. them. Training has become the most important in the United States. Efficient workers. When they were pushed into the vast territories of Mississippi and Louisiana, sold and tendered at auctions, and transferred to labour camps, they were assigned a task to grow and collect thousands of pounds of cotton. For 60 years, from 1801 to 1861, the amount of cotton collected by slaves increased by 400% every day. The rise of cotton has made the United States one of the world's leading economies, and the South has become the most prosperous region. Slavery increased the wealth of southern plantation owners, so when the Civil War began, there were more millionaires per capita in the Mississippi Valley than in any other region.

After liberation, the African-American labour force played a vital role in industry, agriculture, and service. However, the Federal Bureau of Labour Statistics (BLS), established in 1884, did not start collecting consistent data on African American workers until 1972. For nearly a century, African American workers have not even appeared as a data point, let alone important policies or labour laws, without forgetting that Black workers have a long history of discrimination, including union restrictions, The company used black workers as strike breakers to divert the anger and frustration of white workers. The New Deal plans to exclude black farms and domestic workers. The progressive public welfare legislation in the 1930s, such as the "Social Security Law," was actually pro-white legislation, ignoring black workers, especially women. (“African American Workers Built America”).

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Historically, despite discrimination and hostility, African Americans, especially women still support the job market. As early as 1870, 50% of black women were in the workforce, while the proportion of white women was only 16.5%. Therefore, the famous wave of women entering the labour market in the 1970s only applies to white women. Legislators can not see the black women who have been working. The high participation of black workers in the workforce promotes economic growth in the United States, but wages are often extremely low. Such as the 1619 project document, black slaves endured two centuries of cruel conditions in southern plantations and northern industries to build a prosperous American economy. In the early 1900s, more than one million African Americans joined the "Great Migration" to fill jobs in steel, automobiles, shipbuilding, and other heavy industries. ("African American Workers Built America").

Although African Americans contributed to the development of the economy, they were and still suffer from racial discrimination, but despite of this racism, they are the ones who built and developed the infrastructure of the American economy, so that they were enslaved Africans and became those workers and activists who fight for positive change today.

D) Black's Economic contribution:

According to new research ("Economic Contributions of Black Immigrants in the United States"). Statistics show that the influence of black immigrants is rapidly increasing. Some of this is due to the growth of the US population. Between 2010 and 2018, the number of black immigrants increased from 3.3 million to more than 4.3 million, an increase of 30%.

	2010	2018	Change, 2010-2018	Growth Rate
Black Immigrants	3,285,795	4,270,404	984,609	30.0%
Total U.S. Population	309,349,696	327,167,424	17,817,728	5.8%

Source: NAE analysis of 1-year American Community Survey data from 2010 and 2018

Table 01: Population Growth Black Immigrant Population 2010-2018

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Economic growth creates more employment opportunities, which leads to higher wages. As the figure (04) shows when President Obama took office, the economy lost 700,000 to 800,000 jobs every month. In the first year of the Obama presidency, from January 2009 to January 2010, the economy lost an average of 354,000 jobs per month. In the next 12 months, from January 2010 to January 2011, the labour market will add 90,100 jobs per month. In 2011, the labour market achieved a moderate but long-term job growth rate. From January 2016 to January 2017, during the last 12 months of the Obama presidency, he added an average of 194,000 jobs per month. (“Obama’s Legacy on the Economy Is Anything But a Mess”).

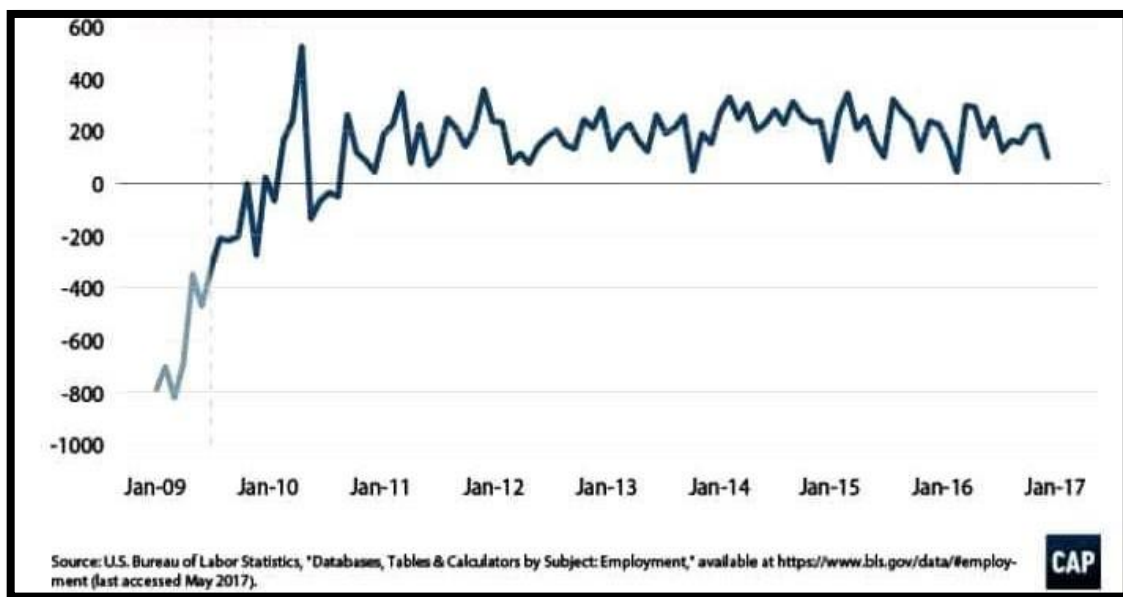


Figure 04: Nonfarm Employment From December 2008 to March 2017

Unions also helped black workers to earn higher wages. The union provided them with fuller benefits and better working conditions, and provided an avenue for millions of blacks to join the American middle class. The union membership rate of black workers is higher than that of white workers by 11.2%, while the membership rate of white workers is 10.3%, This leads black people to contribute economically to American society, work and reduce poverty. It rates for African Americans fell faster in 2015 than in any year since 1999. Although the poverty rate of all races and ethnicities has fallen, the poverty rate of African Americans has dropped by 2.1 percentage points, which means that poverty has decreased 700,000 African Americans, African American Children descent also made great progress in 2015. The poverty rate fell by

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

4.2 percentage points, and the number of poor children fell by 400,000. (“Progress of the African-American Community During the Obama”).

Women have also helped change the health of American society. For example, the teenage pregnancy rate of African-American women is at the lowest level in history. The birth rate per 1,000 African-American girls fell from 60.4 before President Obama took office in 2008 to 34.9 in 2014. on the other hand, Life expectancy at birth is the highest in the history of African Americans. In 2014, life expectancy at birth for African American men was 72.5 years and life expectancy at birth for African American women was 78.4 years, which is the highest point in the history of the sexes. As a result, when the economy developed, this means that there were many job opportunities. As the economy adds new job opportunities, the share of the workforce is also expanding. In other words, job growth is faster than population growth, which was a key indicator of healthy labour market expansion. When President Obama took office in January 2009, 77% of 25- to 54-year-olds had jobs. This percentage fell to 74.8% after the Great Recession in December 2009, and then rose to 78.2%. (“Obama’s Legacy on the Economy Is Anything But a Mess”).

Similarly, the contributions made by blacks include the promotion of equality between women and girls of color. In 2014, the Committee on Women and Girls (CWG) initiated a specific work process called Promoting Equality for Women and Girls of Colored People to ensure that the federal government's policies and programs properly take into account obstacles. Faces of women and girls. The color can be faced. In the fall of 2015, the CWG released a report that identified five data-driven problem areas where interventions can promote opportunities for success in schools, work, and communities. This work has also inspired an independent commitment to advance equality, including a \$ 100 million five-year funding program initiated by Prosperity Together, a coalition of women's foundations, whose goal is to improve the economy of low-income women, people of color and prosperous girls. and Collaborative ji's 75 million capital commitment. Promoting Equity Through Research is an affiliate of American colleges, universities, research organizations, publishers, and public interest agencies led by Wake Forest University, supporting

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

new and existing research on women and girls of color. At the American Women's Summit in June 2016, eight organizations launched the Young Women Initiative, a location-based, data-driven program that targets the needs of local women of color. These organizations include the Minnesota Women's Foundation, the California Women's Foundation, the Greater Memphis Women's Foundation, the Washington Area Women's Foundation, the Dallas Women's Foundation, the Greater Birmingham Women's Foundation, the Western Massachusetts Women's Foundation and New York Women's Foundation. (“Progress of the African-American Community During the Obama”).

**** Other small businesses that contribute to develop economy:***

- There are 8 million minority businesses in the United States, a 38% increase from 2007.
- In early 2015, the US Small Business Administration (SBA) launched the MBK Millennial Entrepreneur Program, which aims to solve the challenges faced by underserved millennials (including children and youth of color) through self-employment and entrepreneurship.
- In fiscal year 2015, underserved markets received 32,563 loans with a total value of US \$ 13 billion, compared to 25,799 in fiscal year 2014, with a total value of US \$ 10.47 billion. The number of loans increased by 26% and the dollar amount increased by 24%. (“Progress of the African-American Community During the Obama”).

E) The Effects of black economic contributions:

According to new research (“Obama’s Legacy on the Economy Is Anything But a Mess”). That shows that from the beginning of 2009 to the end of 2016, during Obama's presidency, economic development was significant. In the winter of 2009, in the face of another Great Depression, President Obama formulated a series of policies to help the economy avoid this fate. During the rest of Obama's presidency, the economy continued to grow rapidly. At the beginning of 2017, employment growth was the longest since 1939. Employment opportunities have improved, unemployment has fallen, wages have finally risen, and household debt has been drastically reduced.

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Economic growth accelerates over time:

When President Obama took office in the first quarter of 2009, the US economy was shrinking, and at the end of his presidency, the inflation-adjusted economic growth rate was approximately 2%. In fact, the per capita economic growth of President Obama in his second term was higher than that of previous presidents. This is due to the contribution of black people. Especially two-term President George W. Bush (George HW Bush in office, Richard W. Bush), President Nixon and the joint term of Gerald Ford, President Nixon in his first term, Dwight D. Eisenhower in his second mandate.

Expanded employment opportunities:

As the economy adds new job opportunities, the share of labour is also expanding. In other words, employment growth is faster than population growth, which is a key indicator of the healthy expansion of the labour market. When President Obama took office in January 2009, 77% of 25 to 54-year-olds had jobs. This percentage fell to 74.8% after the Great Recession in December 2009, and then rose to 78.2% when President Obama resigned in January 2017.

Wages and income have been increasing:

Since the beginning of 2013, the typical weekly wage for American workers has risen, reaching the highest level in history from 1979 to late 2016. Although household income remains low, it has also shown an upward trend since 2014.

Decreasing Of the Household's Level:

With the increase in employment opportunities and wages, the level of household debt has been decreasing. During, President Obama's two terms, household debts fell relative to after-tax income. Total debt accounts for 105.9% of after-tax income, the lowest level since mid-2002 .

Job growth posted the longest winning streak:

When President Obama took office in January 2009, the US economy lost nearly 800,000 jobs. The job market began to expand in early 2010. From October 2010 to January 2017, the labour market continued to grow, which led to the creation of new job opportunities and the expansion of work areas.

Improvement Of the Government Financial Situation:

During the Obama administration, the government's financial situation has also improved. President Obama inherited a turbulent economy that required rapid and decisive intervention, which caused the deficit to rise to 9.8% of gross domestic product (GDP) in fiscal 2009. By fiscal year 2016, the deficit has been reduced to less than a third, representing 3.2% of GDP.

The Affordable Care Act of 2009 has expanded health care coverage:

The ACA made it possible for more than 20 million people to afford health insurance and reduced the proportion of Americans without health insurance to a historically low level. At the same time, the financial security of American families has also increased.

Finally, it can be said that the contributions of African Americans had a great positive impact on the US economy and have promoted the improvement of the economic level. After Obama took office, through a series of economic intervention measures and laws aimed at developing economic growth, promoting job opportunities and protecting consumers. (“Obama’s Legacy on the Economy Is Anything But a Mess”)

F) The contribution of the Black minorities in the political life during Obama presidency:

1. Military Side:

The history of African Americans in the military dates back to the Civil War, when more than 180,000 people served. Yet racism and apartheid have been common throughout most of American history. As early as the War of Independence, there were some examples of black soldiers, but male landowners were afraid to provide weapons to slaves. The first African American roles are generally reserved for secondary roles. This generally includes cleaning, washing, cooking, and assisting with equipment transportation and logistics.

African-Americans have been fighting for the United States throughout American history, defending and serving a country that in turn deprived them of their basic rights as citizens. Despite the

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

segregation and racial discrimination policies, African-American soldiers have played an important role since the colonial period. It was not until the middle of the 20 century that African-American soldiers began to gain the recognition and equality they deserve.

Minorities made great efforts at the military level, as they contributed greatly in several wars and disputes, and defended their country from any harm.

As the Alabama Channel researcher and broadcaster Jeremy Butler said in an article for him which entitled Black history month a time to thank determination and service for African American veterans :

"I remember my father saying that, despite the challenges of being black in a racist Army, he was proud of his military service and the importance of serving his country."

Despite the racial discrimination suffered by minorities. However, they did not stop sacrificing for the country. In 2005 ,the Staff sergeant Alwyn C. Cashes suffered second and third degree burns when Iraq rescued the trapped soldiers from a burning vehicle. He refused to evacuate by helicopter until all other soldiers were safely transferred. The first sentence after he regained consciousness was, "How are my children?" Posthumously awarded the Silver Star due to his discharge; Cache's Silver Star is being updated. For the Medal of Honour event.

According to new research (Butler).There are about 18 million militaries in America; just over 2 million of them are African American. This is an incredible, and growing number, and it is one that represents the big participation of the minorities or blacks in the military career.

According to the DoD (the United states department of defence), African Americans made up 17 percent of active-duty military in 2017 . And they represent 6 percent of lava's (Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans of America) membership. These are vital statistics and the chance to reflect on the many contributions of African Americans in American history. the American military history is a point of pride for many Americans, the many minorities and women who have helped it achieve the greatness despite of all their conditions and racial discrimination . (Butler, "The Navy Has a Problem with COVID Vaccine Hesitancy").

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

In Iraq, at any given time and during the first few weeks of the conflict, blacks make up an average of 15% of a nation's combat forces. However, there is anecdotal evidence that African-American soldiers are deliberately targeted because of their race.

the Guardian reporter Jason Burke interviewed a Sunni insurgent who responded to ethnocentrism, which perpetrated most of the time we suspended our mission because there was no Negotiation. "The Iraq War had a documented negative impact on the overall black recruitment in the armed forces, but the situation with Latinos was the opposite.

Latinos increased by 9.5% of the armed forces, but due to the Iraq War, the total rose to 12%. Like their counterparts in the African-American community, many Latinos come together to take advantage of education and employee opportunities, but recruiters can get another more attractive carrot designed to encourage Latinos to enlist.

When The Last U.S. Troops Withdrew from Iraq at The End of 2011, The United States Breathed A Sigh of Relief, But the Situation Hardly Improved After Minority Research Shows That Ethnic Minorities are Less likely treatment and Other Health. An internal review of racial and ethnic differences Found That Treatment Differences Existed In All Clinical Areas Since Veterans of All Races and Nationalities Receive The Same Benefits, Despite Do not Having a Major Financial Bur In The Survey Results, The Study Found That White and Non-White Veterans Have Different Levels of Familiarity and Knowledge of Medical Ethnic Minority Veterans Often Lack Confidence of Medical Interventions and Are Reader Sceptical

It is true that minorities played an active role in their contribution to the military aspect of the country, but the participation of minorities, including the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, caused many problems such as homelessness and disease, as well as the cause of several deaths and injuries.

In 2009 the Obama administration established the National Centre on Homelessness Among Veterans with the lofty goal of eliminating homelessness among vets by 2015. The effort is being coordinated with researchers at three universities, including the University of Pennsylvania, and includes

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

community outreach and education designed to reach vulnerable populations and help them navigate the complex web of available services.

In fiscal 2013, the VA (the department of Veterans Affairs) has earmarked \$1.4 billion to specialized homeless programs and \$4.4 billion to health care for Veterans who are homeless, according to the agency. (the Philadelphia tribune,2013).

2. Legislative and judicial aspect :

The participation of African Americans was not limited to the military side only, but also extended to the judicial side and the court .

During the Obama era, African-Americans contributed to justice in the United States by holding 62 positions for lifetime appointments to serve on the bench of federal judges. Among them are nine African-American judges of the U.S. Circuit Court... They have also served as judges on 53 African-American District Courts. And in the federal courts, there are 26 African-American women holding positions...In the Obama era, they collectively accounted for 19% of African-Americans, which is a large and reliable percentage compared to any other president. For example, during the Bill Clinton administration, the proportion of African Americans who participated was 16% in the judiciary, while in the George Bush era, they accounted for only 7%... Therefore, the Obama era was characterized by African American participation in the political and judicial system to a large extent. The diversity of federal courts continues, with five states having the first African American judge, 10 states having the first African American judge, 10 states having the first African American federal judge, and 3 countries now Has the first African American judge. The area. Then the diversity of the courts continues to include the first ever Federal Habitat judge and the first African-Caribbean district judge, the Sixth Circuit has the first African-American judge, and the First Circuit has the first African-American judge.

American judge. Not only did it include diversity in the courts, but it also received nominations. Indiana President Mira Selby ran for District 7, Alabama's Abed Charon ran for District 11, and Rebecca

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Haywood of Sylvania ran for President and Stefani Finely and Patricia Timmons Goodson. He is the first African-American federal judge to serve life imprisonment in his respective province.

The number of African-American representatives has increased significantly since a significant period of time... and their number was distinguished during the Obama administration, which came from 2009 to 2017, and this clearly shows that the contribution of black Americans, as political representation has increased significantly, and this is what the table below shows. (“Progress of the African-American Community During the Obama”).

Date	Number of US Representative who were Black in Obama Presidency
2009	39
2011	42
2013	41
2015	44
2017	47

Table 02: Number of US Representative who were Black

(Brown and Atske, “Black Americans Have Made Gains in U.S. Political Leadership, but Gaps Remain”).

This Table represents the percentage of the Cabinet from the first term of George. W. Bush through the term of Obama and then Trump to compare between before and after Obama's reign as well as to show the difference between the number of participations. The second witnessed a significant and remarkable development, as the percentage of African Americans of African descent participated.

Administration	Cabinet members who are Black %
G.W. Bush, term 1	19 %
G.W. Bush, term 2	13 %
Obama, term 1	6%

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

Obama, term 2	25%
Trump	6%

Table 03: Cabinet members who are Black

(Brown and Atske, “Black Americans Have Made Gains in U.S. Political Leadership, but Gaps Remain”).

Due to the political awareness and culture of peace among African Americans, they contributed greatly to the decrease in crime and the low level of prison entry and that during the Obama era, who is considered to be of African American descent. Therefore, the Obama period is considered the first period to witness this shortage. From crimes and the low level of prisons for more than two successive decades. This is due to the contribution of African Americans to discipline and law It could also be due to the good period of Obama’s regime.

During the Obama administration, incarceration rates for African American men and women have been declining each year, to their lowest point in more than 20 years. Incarceration rates for African American men and women are at their lowest points since the early 1990s and late 1980s, respectively. 2014 is the most recent year for which statistics are available from the Office of Justice. Over the past decade, the number of minors in safe detention has decreased significantly. Between 2007 and 2013, the number of interned or detained minors (including a disproportionate number of African Americans) fell by more than 30%.

Because of the few crimes and the low level of prison entry, The President ordered the Department of Justice to prohibit the use of solitary confinement for minors in federal custody. Currently, no more young people are detained in restricted housing at the federal level. (“Progress of the African-American Community During the Obama”).

3. Voting

Although African Americans lack the right to life and lack most of the requirements of life, They played an active role in expressing political opinions, or more precisely in elections and voting.

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

According to new research (“Black History Month: African American Contributions in Voting, Elections, and Public Policy”), African-Americans have a long history with the importance of voting, elections, and public policy. Their history can be traced back to before 1800. Once free African-Americans enjoy minimal civil rights, and are allowed in a few. Do the northern states exercise voting rights. This allows them to develop their own institutions to provide information for public policy. In the 18th and 19th centuries, enslaved African American leaders fought for the right to freedom; freedom will bring the right to vote and to inform public policy. African Americans continue to contribute to the liberation of enslaved African-Americans, and marches demand legal and political rights, including the right to vote and the right to inform public policy. This prompted African Americans to hold state and local conventions to protest discriminatory treatment and created the National Equal Rights League (NERL). It is the oldest human rights organization in the country. After obtaining the right to vote, African Americans became so active in public policy that 16 African Americans served in the U.S. Congress and nearly 2,000 African Americans held public office at the state and local levels. Without forgetting Dr Martin Luther King and hundreds of leaders who protested discriminatory laws and practices. This shows that the African-American community prioritizes participation in the public policy process.

In 2008, the turnout of eligible black, Hispanic, and Asian voters increased, narrowing the turnout gap between them and eligible white voters. This is especially true for eligible black voters. Voter turnout in 2008 increased by 65.2%, which is close to eligible white voters (66.1%). For Hispanics, the voter turnout rate has also increased, with the voter turnout rate increasing to 49.9% in 2008. The voter turnout in 2008 reached 66.1%. The increase in black voter turnout in 2008 was primarily due to the increased turnout of black women and young voters. The turnout rate of eligible black voters increased from 63.7% in 2004 to 68.8% in 2008. Overall, among all races, ethnicities, and gender groups, black women had the highest turnout in elections. On November 1. According to an analysis by the Centre for Information and Research on Civic Participation and Learning (CIRCLE) at Tufts University, the voter turnout of blacks ages 18 to 29 increased by 8.7 percentage points, from 49.5 % in 2004 to 58.2% in 2008. In 2008, eligible young black

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

voters turned out more than eligible young voters of any other race and ethnicity. This is also the first time (Kirby and Kawashima Ginsburg, 2009). (“How the First Black President Reshaped the Voting Public”).

In 2008, the number of eligible Latino voters increased to 19.5 million, or 21.4%. In contrast, in the general population, the total number of eligible voters only increased by 4.6%. in Guilford County, where Greensboro is located, black voter turnout in the last three days was 60 percent higher than in the same period in 2012, according to campaign officials. At the same time, on another important battleground, Florida, on Friday, 22 percent more African Americans voted than at the time in 2012, the campaign said. As a member of the black ethnic group, President Obama has identified the active role of African Americans in politics and electoral participation, He has also personally called them to increase their participation in elections. As he said in his speech " If blacks don't vote, Obama said recently, he'd take it as a “personal insult” to his legacy, which depends largely on a Democratic successor who would keep his executive actions intact " .

On another hand , Obama acknowledged his need to support African Americans by saying : " I need you to go out and just nag the heck out of folks who aren't voting," Obama said Friday. “I need you to tell them that Barack is personally asking them.”, After, accepting African Americans, President Obama called for participation, elections and voting. President Obama asked black voters to follow Clinton as they would treat him. But Obama faced many challenges in trying to get Clinton to obtain nearly unanimous black vote records in 2008 and 2012. It is not only that he is not on the ballot. (“How the First Black President Reshaped the Voting Public”).

G) Effects of Black’s political contribution:

People belonging to minorities participate in public affairs and in all aspects of the political, economic, social and cultural life of the country in which they live, which in fact is essential to safeguard their identity and combat social exclusion. Mechanisms are needed to ensure that the social diversity of minorities is reflected in public institutions, such as the national parliament, the public administration, including the police and the judiciary, and that persons belonging to minorities are adequately represented,

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

negotiated and Affected Express opinions in territorial and regional decision-making. Participation should be meaningful, not just symbolic, and recognize that, for example, minorities are generally under-represented and their concerns may not be adequately addressed. The participation of minority women is of particular concern. (“Why Are Minority Rights Important? – Political Youth Network”).

According to New research (Newton 177) The symbolic election of African Americans to political office is an important step for the equality of many blacks. They continue to be re-elected in the US. Congress has institutionalized African Americans in Congress to some degree. In the process of American politics, two issues permeated the study of ethnic politics in the United States. Our states Vote for African Americans and check if the second question is African Americans Once selected, it can actually change the conditions of everyday life for African Americans.

With this huge increase in the number of elected representatives of African descent Officials It is a fact that even when African Americans are elected to positions of power, Small changes for African Americans issues such as employment and economic spending priorities Even in other areas where substantial change Has occurred, the general influence of black leaders on African Americans The community is sparse at best. As the black politician Manning Marable pointed out Acting can be regarded as a "psychological victory, but not qualitative" Address the crises of black poverty, educational inequality, crime and unemployment. As explained in the previous section, African-American job holders have a significant electoral advantage due to their employment status. This function also experienced competitive candidates who seemed very reluctant to take the challenge of sitting down. The congressional district redesigned the incumbents of African Americans and their re-election prospects.

In 2008, many people quickly marked the election of Barack Obama as the beginning of a Post-ethnic society. However, export surveys seem to indicate that the choice and Barack Obama's candidacy may have the greatest influence of racial attitudes on presidential candidates. Historical evaluation of such measures and voting in 2008 (Tester and Sears 2010; Piston, 2010; Jackman and Vavreck 2010; Weisberg and Devine 2009). The campaign does not have any public racial appeals from Barack Obama or John

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

McCain. exists In fact, the 2008 elections were a de-radicalization movement. There was an incident during the elections. When the tape outlined by the respected Jeremiah Wright came to light, which race was clearly mentioned: The racial history of the United States. These speeches led Barack Obama to publish the title "A more perfect union 14". Although the movement did not explicitly include race The political environment has not stopped racial attitudes from affecting the presidency. Sears and Kinder (1971) Assuming the existence of African Americans The candidate alone is sufficient to activate white racial attitudes as an important determinant Voting elections among white voters. The meaning of this hypothesis indicates that race Resentment should be a predictor of voting choices in the 2008 election, and there should be greater influence than previous presidential elections. The American Party successfully nominated an African-American candidate. this hypothesis indicates that the African-American candidate activated manners. However, only African American candidates are activated.

To examine the influence of black political representatives on racial attitudes, Political preferences and candidate preferences of white Americans, the second analysis uses Cooperative surveys of elections to Congress in 2010 and 2012 Cooperative Congress The electoral poll is a very attractive poll that allows academics to study how the constituency evaluates Congress. In addition, the survey also examined various public policy issues, ethnicities, Measurement of attitudes and voting options for elections to Congress, President and State.

The survey contains a representative sample of respondents in constituencies. America. The 2010 CCES study produced a sample of 55,400 cases, the subsample is 41,388 white respondents. The 2010 CCES data included 2,149 people living in A congressional district represented by African Americans. The wave of 2012 produced a sample 15,592 of which 981 living congressional districts are represented by African Americans. For the 2010 congressional cooperative election investigation, the interviews were conducted in two waves. The first wave is the pre-election wave, which took place in October 2010. The second wave took place two weeks after the November 2, 2010 elections. sampling The method is very reliable because the researchers used a random combination of Yugo √ Polymeric. Sampling method. The

comparison of samples is a methodology It is used to select a representative sample from a group of non-randomly selected respondents "(9).(Newton 177)

H) The Achievements of Obama on American society :

Obama set his own goals in his time, and these goals will be achieved after he takes office Social Achievements:

1. Housing :

Obama set \$50 billion in 2011 to help families deal with the foreclosure crisis and gave 12 months to punish unemployed citizens. _ In order to protect Americans from credit card companies and their unfair activities, and the establishment of the Consumer Financial Protection Office, Obama enacted the "Credit Card Holders Bill of Rights"

2. Keeping Security:

The goal of these achievements is to protect people from attacks due to gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability, This is why Obama enacted Matthew Shepard and James Burge Jr.'s hate crime prevention laws, This, is The first federal law enacted for that reason. The Employment and Medical Assistance Act saved and created 161,000 jobs and provided funding for public education and healthcare. The Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009 used to be enacted as a Division of the National Defense Authorization Act . It presents funding and technical help to state, local, and tribal jurisdictions to assist them to extra effectively investigate and prosecute hate crimes. It additionally creates a new federal criminal regulation which trying to do so with fire, firearm, or different dangerous weapon when The crime was once dedicated due to the fact of the actual or perceived race, color, religion, country wide foundation of any man or woman and the crime affected interstate or foreign commerce within or befell distinct federal maritime and territorial jurisdiction. ("The Matthew Shepard And James Byrd, Jr., Hate Crimes Prevention Act").

3. Economical Achievement:

The economic system has created sixteen million personal sector jobs in view that 2010. Republicans argued that the economy in US during the Obama Presidency increased . However, the CBO (Congressional Budget Office) record itself notes that “the economic system is presently on strong ground.” By almost each measure, enhancements have improved the Obama Administration, including the longest duration of job boom ever recorded.

It is true that economic growth is under historical common stages driven in large phases by way of a great deal slower increase in the size of the labor force. Republican Committee contributors tried to hyperlink declining labor pressure participation prices to the Affordable Care Act and different Democratic policies. However, the truth is that the discount in labor force participation is largely a long-term demographic vogue that results from an a aging population and the retirement of the infant boom generation, like usual fiscal trends. Declining participation among working-age adults is a smaller factor: moreover, it is a new position that predates the Obama Administration. Development . (“Setting the Record Straight on the Obama Economy”).

4. Obama and women

Among the most important bills passed by the Obama administration to protect the rights of feminist workers and combat wage discrimination is the Lily Ledbetter Pay Act of 2009 After signing the deed in the east room of the White House, Obama stated " I sign this bill for my daughters and all who will come after us because I want them to grow up in a country that values their children. contribute where there are no limits to the ACA, their dreams and they have opportunities their mothers and grandmothers never could have imagined" (“Remarks by the President Upon Signing the Lilly Ledbetter Bill”).

5. ending the war in Iraq:

In 2008, in the height of the presidential campaign, then-Senator Obama made a promise to supply The army a new mission which is ending the fighting in Iraq. As the election unfolded, he reiterated this

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

pledge again and once more -- however counseled that Americans would be "as careful getting out of Iraq as we were careless getting in."

the President made development towards accomplishing that goal. He introduced an end to the fight mission in Iraq, and stopped the war there . Through the course of the previous 14 months, extra than 100,000 troops have returned to their families and he announced that the relaxation of troops has the right to return at home. ("President Obama Has Ended the War in Iraq").

6. Reducing the War in Afghanistan:

In February 2009 Obama increased the U.S. military presence in Afghanistan to 68,000 troops to reduce the war. Through his presidential campaign he had argued that the focus of U.S. Military efforts should be in Afghanistan rather than Iraq, and, with the resurgence of the Taliban in Afghanistan, the military requested that Obama deploy an additional 40,000 troops there. After carefully weighing the situation for three months, Obama chose to send an additional 30,000 troops, a decision that was criticized by many in his party. ("Barack Obama - Wars in Iraq and Afghanistan").

7. Reducing the number of nuclear weapons:

The Obama presidency has unilaterally cut the number of nuclear weapons in the Pentagon's nuclear weapons stockpile to 4,018 warheads, a reduction of 553 warheads since September 2015.

The reduction was disclosed by Vice President Joe Biden during a speech at the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace earlier.

This means that the Obama administration during its two terms has reduced the US nuclear weapons stockpile by 1,255 weapons compared with the size at the end of the George W. Bush administration – a number greater than the estimated number of warheads in the arsenals of Britain, China, France, India, Israel, North Korea, and Pakistan combined ("Obama Administration Announces Unilateral Nuclear Weapon Cuts").

8. Strengthening sanctions against Iran:

In June 2010, President Obama signed a comprehensive sanctions, accountability and divestment bill against Iran. The United States Congress passed this law to reduce Iran's nuclear ambitions. It imposes sanctions on Iran and any organization involved in its nuclear program. In particular, Iran imports about 40% of gasoline from other countries. The law also restricts Iran's access to international banks. System (Glenn03).

and there are many other international achievements of Obama, including Russia-US relations in 2009, Russia-US relations have successfully rested until the Russian parliamentary elections. The reset was made possible through their original new nuclear arms control treaty, with Moscow agreeing to deploy American personnel and material in Afghanistan. Harder UN sanctions over the nuclear conflict with Iran have won Russian support in the Obama administration, NATO expansion into post-Soviet space is no longer a priority and at the Council UN Security, Moscow has restricted the use of its veto power in the 2011 intervention decision in Libya. Although Obama has accomplished many accomplishments during his two terms in office, these accomplishments have not fully accomplished his primary goal of rebuilding America.

Obama's goal is to ensure that everyone shares their fair share, that everyone is quite touched, and that hard work and responsibility are rewarded. That is why he strives to improve the lives of all Americans, including African Americans, by providing economic and educational opportunities, improving health care coverage, and working to ensure that the criminal justice system is applied fairly to all citizens. . Although there is still much work to be done, African Americans have made tremendous progress in many of these areas during this administration.

I) the Bad Obama's contribution on African Americans Create a racial tension between blacks and whites:

According to new research... (Agiesta) ,A majority of Americans say family members between blacks and whites in the US have deepened beneath President Barack Obama, The survey outcomes come

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

as an increasing variety say towards blacks is a very serious problem and issues about bias in the criminal justice machine remain widespread.

Overall, 54% say members of the family between blacks and whites have gotten worse considering Obama grew to be president, including 57% of whites and 40% of blacks. That's up sharply in contrast with final June, when 43% said things had gotten worse quickly after a racially encouraging taking pictures at a black church in Charleston, South Carolina.

A similar share, 52%, say the criminal justice device in the US favors whites over blacks, while 36% say it treats blacks and whites equally, down 6 points since February 2015.

About three-quarters of blacks and one-half of whites sense the gadget favors whites. Whites are sharply split by using schooling level on this question, with 62% of whites who preserve college tiers announcing the device favors whites over blacks vs. just 42% amongst whites who do not have university degrees. And urbanites are extra apt to say the gadget is discriminatory than are suburban or rural Americans: 62% who stay in urban areas say so, above the 53% of suburbanites and 38% of rural residents who say the same. (Agiesta).

The share describing discrimination against blacks generally as a very serious hassle has inched up from 37% remaining June to 42% now, a high point at some stage in Obama's time in office. Much of the latest shift comes among whites, 34% of whom now see it as a very serious problem, up from 28% closing June. Among blacks, that discern has softened incredibly and stays starkly higher than the share among whites, 80% said it was once a very serious trouble in June 2015 and 73% say so now.

Few Americans see their local police as prejudiced against blacks, however there are sharp variations via race and between those who stay in urban areas vs. rural ones. Nationwide, 18% say at least some of their local police are prejudiced towards blacks. That climbs to 43% among blacks, and dips to 13% among whites. Among urbanites, 25% see at least some of their local police as prejudiced vs. just 10% amongst those who stay in rural areas (Agiesta).

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

In general, Americans have generally positive opinions of their neighborhood police, 86% view them favorably, 10% unfavorably, with blacks and different non-whites a bit less likely to maintain a favorable opinion (91% of whites have a favorable view, 77 % of all non-whites, and 69% of blacks experience the same).

The Black Lives Matter movement, which emerged after several incidents in the last few years in which unarmed black human beings have been harmed or at the hands of police holds, killed a narrowly net-positive favorability rating: 44% view it favorably, 40% unfavorably, and 16% have in no way heard of the movement .

Among blacks, 78% have a favorable view of the movement, greater than the 38% of whites who experience the same. There's a sharp divide amongst the whites via schooling degree in perceptions of Black Lives Matter, with 50% of whites who maintain college tiers pronouncing they see it favorably vs. 32% among whites except university degrees. (Agiesta).

Two-thirds of adults that peaceful protests are justified in response to these current incidents the place blacks where harmed or overall killed via police, and 14%, along with about one-quarter of blacks, consider violent protests in response justified.

In findings from the identical ballot launched formerly voters have been about evenly break up between Hillary Clinton and Donald Trump on who would do a better job handling the criminal justice system. About 48% stated Clinton would do the better job and 46% said they favored Trump's approach.

Among whites, Trump held an aspect 49% to 42% while blacks preferred Clinton's approach 85% to 11%. Overall, Clinton held a wide advantage on improving the lives of racial minorities, 60% to 32% who thought Trump would be higher on that score.

The CNN (The Cable News Network)Poll was performed by cellphone September 28 via October two among a random national pattern of 1,501 adults, inclusive of 1,086 non-Hispanic whites and one hundred forty non-Hispanic blacks. The margin of sampling error is plus or minus 2.5 proportion points for

consequences amongst the full sample, 3 points for effects among whites and 8.5 factors for effects amongst blacks.(Agiesta).

J) Critics on Obama's administration:

The only thing that matters is credibility, "said Lanny Davis, President Bill Clinton's former problem solver, who supported Hillary Clinton's presidential campaign but later became Obama's convert." Obama has a convincing ability. Extraordinary ability and rare ability to say what he meant and what he said. " Although communication and crisis management experts on both sides of the political aisle have praised Obama's performance, some people believe his extraordinary initial success is due in part to luck and chance. Eric Dezenhall, a crisis management expert who once served in the Reagan White House , said: "We want to put a lot of personality into strategy." "I really think it has nothing to do with any particular strategy. Great relationship. I think there are several things at stake. One is the sincere feelings of the media for this person; secondly, this is a broader cultural meaning. You want to give a new person, especially someone you like, a fair chance. (Bozzo)

On the contrary, critics and supporters say that Obama's successful leadership is the result of his own ability and a very good support team. They specifically mentioned his clever political intuition, triumphant personality and public speaking skills, while his employees are good at foreseeing, preparing and seizing opportunities. "One thing he is good at is setting realistic expectations for the audience," said Jonathan Bernstein, a crisis management consultant in Los Angeles. think he knows communication better than any president I have ever met," added Howard Rubinstein, the legendary head of public relations. "He understands the media, and you can tell your story through the media. Additionally, Obama spoke to the public at home. Observers and analysts say Obama has been in virtual campaign mode since the short post-election holiday, and will make public appearances and speeches in Washington every day. (Bozzo)

The president also continued to use the extensive online community he established during the campaign to support this man and his mission. For example, Bernstein cited the surprising and rapid success of the stimulus plan criticized by although both Democrats and Republicans. "The machine he created

Chapter Two: The Contribution Of The Black Minorities In The American Economic And Political Life During Obama Presidency

during the campaign; he learned to mobilize grassroots support," Bernstein said. "You ask Obamites online to urge everyone on their mailing list to write to their members of Congress. You have to involve your allies." This allows the president to fight his opponents without actually appearing to fight them. More importantly, President Obama has yet to personalize the problem or the differences between him and his opponents. Davis said: "On every issue you can think of, whether it is a stimulus plan, a rescue plan or a budget, it has received a lot of criticism from the right, but it has always adhered to its principles." At the same time, experts say that Obama can also suppress his opponents, just like his predecessors Bill Clinton and Ronald Reagan, the latter known as President Teflon. (Bozzo).

Conclusion:

The Black minorities who are living in America made an important change in the society by reducing political, social, and economic disparities in the community, by working and developing themselves in many fields. They worked in several positions, which helped to reduce unemployment, poverty rates, and raise wages. and there were other developments in the American economy by blacks, who are considered as a major aspect in making America a global economic power through their contributions in various fields since they were slaves. president Obama during his presidency, also gave them opportunities to work and gave them political and civil rights that they did not have before, which was a part of improving political and international relations between America and minority countries, which had a positive impact and leads the blacks to develop the society into what it is now.

General conclusion

Conclusion

General conclusion:

The Era of the twentieth century in America was marked by important events for the Black minorities. African Americans have suffered from many years from slavery, marginalization, persecution and racism, that is why they decided to contribute even a little, to the American society in order not to be persecuted, they started to contribute in many fields politically, socially and especially economically in industry, agriculture, business and services.

After they built and developed the infrastructure of the American economy, the desire of contribution was increased especially in recent years, when Barack Obama announced his candidacy for presidency, the Blacks were a major reason for his success through their support in the elections, also because he was a well-known political person, this what helped him succeed on the elections and be the first African American president. After Obama took office the contribution of African American to society increased in various fields economically and politically, for the economic side they reduced poverty rates, unemployment, and also made America a global economic power.

Blacks military participation was represented in the fight for the security of the country with the military fight against Iraq and Afghanistan, assuming the positions of the judiciary and governance, reducing crime rates and entering prison .. where they contributed by giving their voice to the elections and expressing their opinion in an attempt to change the political aspect.

President Obama also played a big role in improving the life of the Blacks by providing them the opportunities to work, to educate, he gave them political rights they did not have before, and helped them to develop themselves in many fields, this what encouraged the African Americans to develop the American society to the best.

It is also undeniable that America has become a global economic power because of its developed economy and to the participation of Blacks in its construction and reconstruction, however, despite all of this, the Blacks still suffer from marginalization, persecution and various types of racial discrimination until now, they do not have the same rights as the rest of the white population of America have. All of this, just

Conclusion

because they are blacks, and they do not share the same skin color with the native Americans, so they have become so marginalized.

This work can be useful for literature and civilization students, and for the readers who seek to prove the role of the Blacks in developing the American society.

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المخلص:

يلخص هذا العمل بعضًا من أهم المعلومات عن باراك أوباما وسيرة حياته وكيف كانت الانتخابات. كما توضح المواقف والأزمات التي أعقبت تولي أوباما الرئاسة مع التركيز على الإصلاحات التي أجراها على الإدارة وإنجازاته في عهده. علاوة على ذلك ، فهو يحدد خصائص السود وكيف عاشوا؟ هل عانوا من العنصرية؟ ومساهمة الأقليات السوداء سياسياً واقتصادياً ، وكذلك الآثار الرئيسية لمساهماتهم على المجتمع الأمريكي. الهدف من هذه الدراسة هو إظهار ووصف حياة السود خلال رئاسة أوباما لأنه كان أول رئيس أمريكي من أصل أفريقي في أمريكا وشرح طبيعة مساهماتهم في الجانبين السياسي والاقتصادي. وعليه يتم اختيار منهج تحليلي وصفي لتنفيذ هذا العمل حيث يساعد في إظهار إنجازات وإصلاحات أوباما وكذلك المساهمة في السياسة والاقتصاد التي قدمتها الأقليات السوداء وتأثيراتها على المجتمع الأمريكي.